UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/566,311	01/27/2006	Arnim Kohn	512100-2054	1900
William F Law	7590 06/02/200 rence	EXAMINER		
Frommer Lawre	ence & Haug	BALASUBRAMANIAN, VENKATARAMAN		
745 Fifth Avent New York, NY			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1624	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/02/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/566,311	KOHN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Nenkataraman Balasubramanian/	1624			
The MAILING DATE Period for Reply	of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHICHEVER IS LONGER  - Extensions of time may be available after SIX (6) MONTHS from the ma  - If NO period for reply is specified at  - Failure to reply within the set or extra	, FROM THE MAILING DA e under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 ling date of this communication. love, the maximum statutory period we ended period for reply will, by statute, er than three months after the mailing	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH( ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE date of this communication, even if timely filed	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) Responsive to comm	unication(s) filed on 27 Ja	nuary 2006.				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b>	the state of the s					
, — · · · ·	_					
Disposition of Claims						
4)	m(s) is/are withdrave allowed. rejected. rejected to.	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is o						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · =	aminer. Note the attached Office				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	)					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)		_				
Notice of References Cited (PTC2)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent     Information Disclosure Stateme Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

Application/Control Number: 10/566,311 Page 2

Art Unit: 1624

### **DETAILED ACTION**

The preliminary amendment, which included amendment to claims 3-5, 9 and 10, filed on 1/27/2006, is made of record. Claims 1-10 are pending.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- 1. Claims 1-6 are indefinite as claims 1-6 provide for the use of compound of formula I but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.
- 2. Claims 7-10 are improper dependent claims. A compound claim cannot depend on method of use of the compound. In the instant case claim 1 is a use claim which needs the compound of formula I for the said use. Claim 7 is a compound claim which set be dependent on the use claim. Hence, claims 7-10 are indefinite.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Application/Control Number: 10/566,311 Page 3

Art Unit: 1624

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hajos et al., US 4,316,022(Hajos hereinafter).

Hajos teaches several benzotriazines as analgesics, which include instant compounds. See formula I and note with given definition of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ , and  $R_4$ , the compounds taught by Hajos include instant compounds. See examples 1-22 for various compounds made.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hajos et al., US 4,316,022(Hajos hereinafter).

Hajos teaches several benzotriazines as analgesics which include instant compounds. See formula I and note with given definition of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ , and  $R_4$ , the compounds taught by Hajos include instant compounds. See examples 1-22 for various compounds made.

Hajos differs in not exemplifying all compounds embraced in the formula I. However, Hajos teaches equivalency of those compounds taught with those generically claimed. Hence, it would be obvious to one trained in the art to make the compounds of the formula I with various choices of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ , and  $R_4$  and expect the resultant compounds to have use taught therein.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be addressed to Venkataraman Balasubramanian (Bala) whose telephone number is (571) 272-0662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 8.00 AM to 6.00 PM. The Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) of the art unit 1624 is

Application/Control Number: 10/566,311 Page 5

Art Unit: 1624

James O. Wilson, whose telephone number is 571-272-0661. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned (571) 273-8300. Any

inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published

applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAG. Status

information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For

more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-2 17-9197 (toll-free).

/Venkataraman Balasubramanian/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1624